

The Czech Republic contributes to the development and stabilization of Afghanistan

Annual Report 2010—2011



Provincial Reconstruction Team of the Czech Republic Logar Province, Afghanistan



FOREWORD BY THE MINISTER FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS

With the support of the Czech PRT, the life of the province's inhabitants is slowly improving, although the security situation is far from satisfactory. Since its formation four year ago, the Czech PRT in Logar has implemented a large number of projects in various sectors. The PRT's work also includes patient (and hard to document) efforts aimed at enhancing the effectiveness of provincial institutions. The local population's confidence in the ability of the authorities to ensure their safety and provide public services and economic opportunities is the best guarantee of stable development.

The stabilization of Afghanistan is progressing slowly but steadily. The results that have been achieved are fragile and by no means conclusive; unfortunately, in many cases they have been made at the heavy cost of victims from the ranks of Afghan and international civilians and members of the armed forces. The challenges that the Afghan state will have to face in the years to come are enormous. They cannot be tackled without long-term assistance from the international community, which will have to continue for long after the combat troops of the Allied countries have left the country. This commitment also applies to the Czech Republic. The stability of Afghanistan is also important for the development of other countries in the region and is linked with the security situation in many other countries, including in Europe.

The process of handing over responsibility for security, which at this point encompasses an area holding more than half of the population, should be completed in 2014. It is necessary to ensure that the development activities managed by provincial reconstruction teams pass smoothly from the hands of coalition structures to the full control of the Afghan government,

international institutions and non-governmental organizations that have performed this work for years in many places around the world. The time remaining until the end of 2014 will be used primarily for the proper completion of projects and the consolidation of ongoing activities so that they remain sustainable after the departure of coalition forces and the winding-down of PRT operations.

For these reasons, the Czech PRT in Logar Province, like other PRTs, will not exactly find itself simply going through the motions in the near future. The Czech PRT has gradually been adapting to the new conditions and tasks associated with the process of transferring responsibility for security. I have no doubt that the soldiers and civilians posted to Logar by the Czech Republic will take these challenges in their stride and keep up the good work.

Karel Schwarzenberg Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Czech Republic

Vaul oflevoreday



PROVINCIAL RECONSTRUCTION TEAM (PRT)

The main mission of PRTs is to help provide security through development and reconstruction, and to assist the Afghan government.

The history of Provincial Reconstruction Teams dates back to 2002, when the Coalition Humanitarian Liaison Cells Programme was set up. Small cells, originally purely military and exclusively US, were deployed to military outposts along with coalition forces in certain parts of Afghanistan. They helped coalition forces to deal with the basic needs of the local inhabitants, who solicited assistance from soldiers, other international organizations and the UN. The original mission of these cells was roughly to determine the basic needs and requirements of the population where they had been posted and to implement small-scale infrastructure reconstruction projects as an extension of security and stability operations. These originally small teams rapidly increased in size to include civilian government employees and started to cover a larger territory. At the end of 2002, these combined civilian and military reconstruction cells were renamed Provincial Reconstruction Teams (PRTs). After other countries were brought into the PRT project, the teams ceased to be managed

and funded by the United States alone. At the beginning of 2012, there were 28 PRTs throughout Afghanistan, all with the same assignment, but pursuing different national models of management. All PRTs are part of NATO's international mission ISAF (International Security Assistance Force, Afghanistan).

The Czech Republic started operating its own PRT in March 2008. The Czech PRT operates from Shank Military Base in the south-eastern province of Logar. It has a two-headed management structure. It consists of a civilian team responsible for the identification, design and implementation of all development projects, and a numerically greater Czech Army military contingent, which ensures the safety of civilians, provides training to the Afghan national security forces and carries out other activities related to its involvement in the ISAF mission. The civilian team and reconstruction activities are managed directly by the Czech Ministry of Foreign Affairs, while the military component is governed by the Czech Ministry of Defence. By the end of 2011, the Czech PRT had successfully completed 101 reconstruction and development projects and 91 "quick impact" projects. In 2010

and 2011 alone, the PRT successfully completed 64 reconstruction projects and implemented 54 quick impact projects.

PRT STRATEGY

The Czech team is governed by the overall ISAF strategy, according to which the operations of all PRTs are expected to draw to a close by the end of 2014, subject to gradual handover to individual provinces. In 2011, the Czech team started the process of adapting to the transfer of responsibility to the Afghan government.

The reconstruction work method applied by the PRT, based on civil and military cooperation, has many unique features and cannot be compared with conventional development activities. This is only a temporary and secondary part of the ISAF, and is not intended to replace ordinary (purely civilian) forms of development cooperation.

The PRT's activities rely on a regularly revised strategic plan. Since 2010, PRT strategy has been firmly anchored in line with three priority pillars:

- » Provincial government support
- » Economic development support
- » Independent media development

Under the first pillar, the PRT supports security and infrastructure development for the local government in the province. The second pillar includes, in particular, support for agriculture



and water management projects. Under the third pillar, the PRT focuses primarily on assisting provincial radio stations.

In addition to activities under the main pillars, the PRT is also active in health care, education, infrastructure, etc. Where necessary, the PRT provides humanitarian assistance (for example, after natural disasters). However, operations in these areas are typically complementary. Whereas, in its priority areas, the PRT conducts its own analysis of needs and identifies projects independently, in its complementary activities it only responds to the analyses and needs of relevant partners (provincial authorities, NGOs, etc.).

PRT OPERATING PRINCIPLES

The Czech PRT model, while focusing on the support of provincial authorities and communities, is also committed to supporting security projects and providing training to Afghan security forces.

Projects are planned and identified:

- » always with regard to the Afghan beneficiaries and on the basis of a survey of needs;
- » long-term solutions take precedence over quick fixes, quality over quantity;
- » the Czech PRT supports the existing programmes and well-functioning approaches adopted by local institutions, and as a matter of principle does not create parallel structures;
- » the project identification always takes place in cooperation with Afghan partners.

When identifying, planning and implementing projects, the Czech PRT places a particular emphasis on:

- » sustainability
- » the involvement and contribution of the beneficiaries
- » cooperation with provincial authorities
- > transparency
- coordination

Sustainability

The ability of the provincial government and local communities to take care of projects in the long term is a key consideration when evaluating the level of need and cost efficiency. In the future, projects must not impose impossible demands on financial or human resources. This is a relatively complex process requiring the assessment of a number of perspectives: the social and economic situation of the beneficiaries, the capacity of the provincial authorities, the security situation, environmental conditions, etc.

Involvement and contribution of beneficiaries

This topic is closely related to sustainability. From experience, the PRT knows that the participation of beneficiaries in a project and the associated responsibility for the result contributes to its sustainability. The PRT therefore involves not only local authorities, but also communities, agricultural cooperatives and other groups in the preparation and implementation of projects.

By awarding contracts to local companies and using local suppliers and local labour, the PRT

builds the capacity of businesses while supporting the local economy.

Cooperation with provincial authorities

All projects are handed over to local authorities or communities. All projects reflect, as far as possible, priorities set centrally by the Afghan government.

Transparecy

The selection and award of contracts is subject to precise rules and is entirely transparent so as to avoid any suspicion of favouritism towards any individuals or legal entities. At the same time, such conduct establishes standards of ethical behaviour in the Afghan market environment.

Coordination

The PRT actively cooperates with other key players in Logar Province (coalition partners, Afghan and international development agencies and NGOs) in order to prevent the duplication of development efforts. The PRT also respects practicable national development programmes and ensures they are not impaired by its operations.



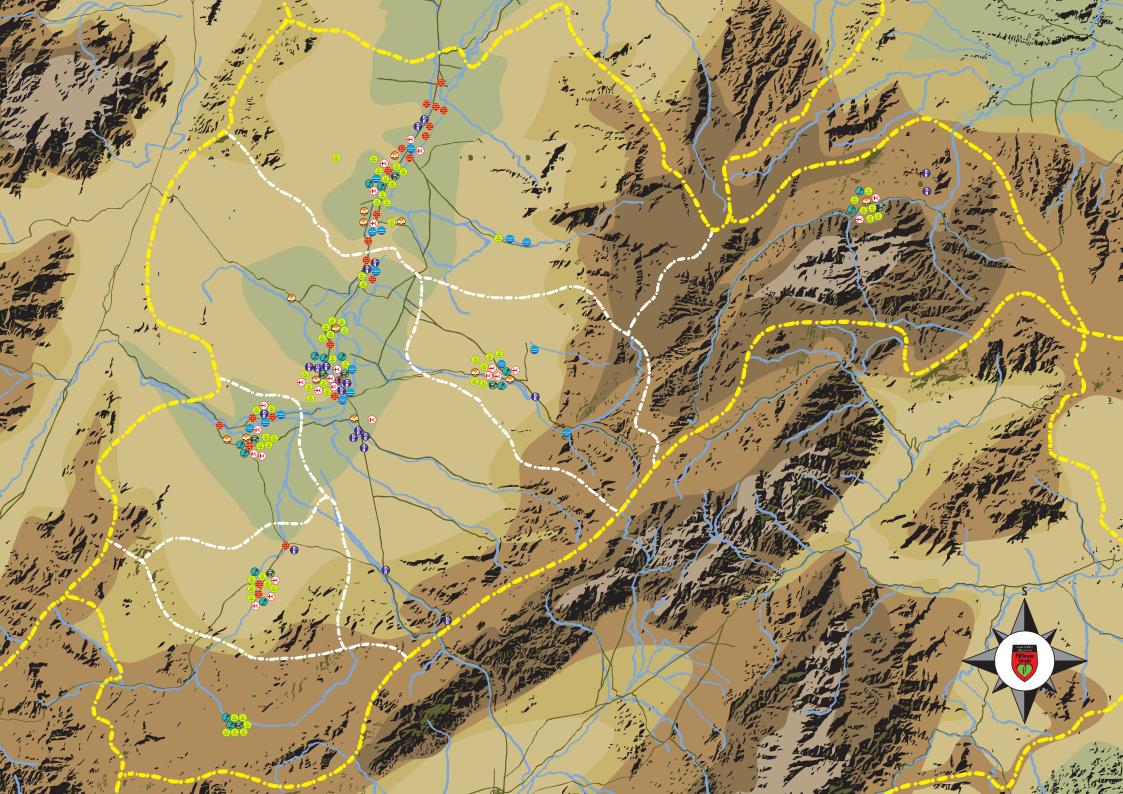
LOGAR PROVINCE

Logar Province lies approximately 60 km south of the Afghan capital, Kabul, at an altitude of about 2,000 metres. It consists of seven districts: Pol-e Alam, Mohammad Agha, Khoshi, Baraki Barak, Charkh, Kherwar and Azra. The province covers an area of 3,880 km². Logar has a population of approximately 300,000; approximately half the inhabitants are younger than 15 years.

The economy of the province is based on agriculture, which provides a livelihood to 85% of the population. Due to the proximity of the capital, Kabul, the province has the potential to become a source of food for the city and, in the future, for the food processing industry. Wheat, corn, fruits and vines are grown in Logar.

From south to north, Logar is intersected by the backbone asphalt road from Kabul to Gardez, which connects the capital to Paktia Province and the south-east of the country.





MAP OF PROVINCE AND PROJECTS 10/11

PROJEKTY PRT V OBLASTECH



Veterinary medicine



Education



Agriculture



Water management



Health care



ANSF support



Women's rights



Media



Infrastructure



PROMOTION OF GOOD GOVERNANCE AND RULE OF LAW

The long-term conflict has manifested itself in all spheres of public life in Afghanistan, including the system of governance, public administration and the judiciary. These areas are crucial for the future development of the country. Therefore, the PRT supports the provincial government in many areas.

The largest projects implemented by the PRT in this sector in 2010 and 2011 include a new library building for the provincial court in Logar's capital, Pol-eAlam, where more than a hundred employees have found new offices, meeting rooms, Internet centres and a large library. This project has given judges better conditions in which to work and study.

In 2010, the PRT organized a study visit for 17 Logar provincial government representatives in the Czech Republic. The aim was to acquaint Afghan partners with the way the Czech authorities function and to contribute to the development of good governance and public administration at provincial level. The project also strengthened relations between the Czech Republic and Afghanistan. The Logar officials visited a number of authorities, as well as

schools, hospitals, farms, a court and media establishments. They spent most of their visit in the Pilsen Region.

In 2011, the PRT civilian team was expanded to include an economic development adviser, who, among other things, helps Logar officials to draw up budgets.



SECURITY

In Logar, the Czech PRT cooperates with both the Afghan National Police (ANP) and the Afghan National Army (ANA). While the civilian unit of the reconstruction team focuses on building facilities and supplying equipment, Czech soldiers provide the necessary training to the ANA and ANP.

In 2011, the PRT completed several projects in support of the ANP. The largest was the construction of a control post in the Charkh district. During the project, the PRT proceeded as in other places where the Afghan police lacked appropriate working conditions. On the site of the original clay house, fortified by a makeshift mound, two brick buildings (a small base and an observation post) were built.

An important PRT project promoting security was the reconstruction of a base for the ANA's First Logar Kandak (Battalion) in the south of the province. The project, completed by the PRT in 2011, included the construction of a new sickbay, dining room and kitchen, and command centre. The PRT can be credited with the construction of new brick buildings at the base which significantly improved living and working conditions for more than seven hundred soldiers.



AGRICULTURE AND AGRICULTURAL TRAINING

Agriculture is a key area of economic development in the province. For most people in Logar, land cultivation and the breeding of domestic animals are primary sources of livelihood. However, farmers lack training, quality technology and equipment. The province has no processing plants; farmers sell their products almost exclusively at market stalls and find it very difficult to compete with cheap imports. As quality seeds are unavailable to them, their crops are often ravaged by disease.

In Logar, the PRT focuses primarily on agricultural training and the promotion of agricultural production. The largest Czech agricultural project in Logar in 2010 and 2011 was the construction of a secondary agricultural and mechanical school in the capital of the province. This is the first such specialized institution in the province. The project will set up a facility for a thousand students with classrooms, laboratories and a demonstration farm. Boarding will be available for students from more remote districts of the province.

The PRT also continued projects to support dairy production. In 2011, it built a third milk collection point, helping local cattle farmers to increase

their profits. The milk is stored in hygienic conditions with quality technology at the collection centre. Farmers can then sell their cheese and yoghurt at higher prices on local markets and in Kabul. In 2011, the PRT started building a fourth milk collection point in the Baraki Barak district.

In 2011, the PRT launched a project to construct and equip a beekeeping centre, which should ensure the quality processing of bee products in hygienic and technologically advanced conditions. The centre will support the development of beekeeping in the province, the penetration of these products on the food market, and ensure a steady income for Logar's beekeepers.



WATER MANAGEMENT

Water management in Afghanistan was heavily damaged during the Soviet occupation and subsequent civil war. Damaged and neglected infrastructure is being reconstructed at a very slow pace, due in part to the high financial demands. The country also suffers from frequent droughts, and in agricultural areas water is a major factor determining the possibility or impossibility of further regional development.

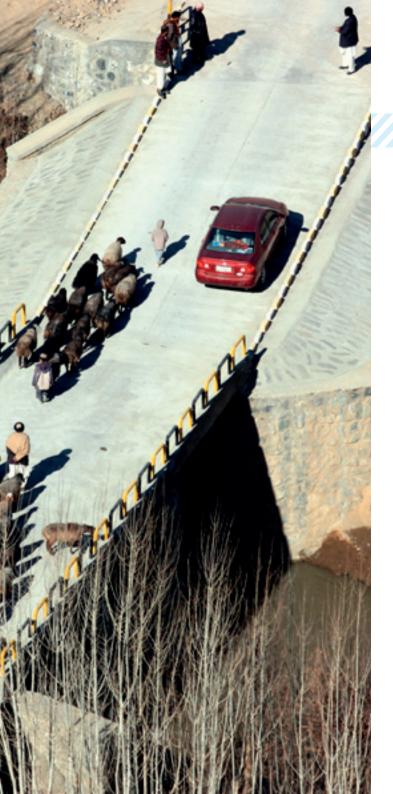
In 2010 and 2011, the PRT focused on the restoration of traditional water systems, especially karez, underground channels which have supplied water from the source to populated areas for centuries. In the mountainous district of Khoshi, in the south-east of Logar, three qarezes have been repaired in the villages of Chinarey and Suleiman Khel. The projects consisted mainly of strengthening the inspection chambers used to maintain the channel. At the end of the garez, new storage tanks were built, from which water is guided into irrigation channels. In Chinarey, PRT also built a new water supply system.. In 2011, work started on the repair of a weir in Khoshi damaged by flooding in 2010. This project comprised the building of a dam structure and the repair of the conduit supplying water to a small hydroelectric power plant.



As in all of Afghanistan, the main source of information for most people in Logar Province is radio broadcasting, which has flourished since the fall of the Taliban. Today, the province has five regional stations, with dozens of other stations broadcasting from Kabul. However, Afghan journalists lack training opportunities – only a small proportion of them are able to study journalism at Kabul University, and most media employees have not progressed beyond secondary school. Their training is either non-existent or, at best, sketchy, picked up during occasional courses. It is expensive for radio stations to obtain high-quality technical equipment and to ensure continuous operation.

The main element of media promotion in Logar is the funding of training programmes for local journalists. In 2010 and 2011, the PRT organized a range of training and internships for them. A key project in this area offers long-term secondments to the Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty (RFE/RL) station in Kabul. Working in the professional environment of a respected station, the most popular in Afghanistan, has provided Logar journalists with interesting work experience that significantly enhanced their skills.

Other educational projects included marketing training for radio station directors, during which directors learnt how to win advertising contracts from private companies as a means of increasing revenue streams. Because journalism in the province remains the preserve of men, the PRT organized basic training in radio broadcasting for women.



COMPLEMENTARY ACTIVITIES

Education

After the fall of the Taliban movement, substantial funds began to flow into the education sector, paving the way for hundreds of schools to be repaired or built. At present, reconstruction of the education system is one of the largest items in Afghanistan's budget. Yet many girls and boys still have to take lessons in tattered tents, mud houses or in the open. In some areas, children cannot learn at all due to the inaccessibility of schools and lack of teachers.

In 2010 and 2011, the PRT, at the request of the provincial education ministry, built two new schools. One, a secondary school in the Azra district, has the capacity to teach more than 1,200 students. The other, in the centre of the province, in the district of Pol-e Alam, is a new elementary school for 800 pupils.

In cooperation with the local branch of the education ministry, the PRT supported three pilot school reconstruction projects, responsibility for the implementation of which rested fully with Afghan partners.

Health care

According to the World Health Organization, the standard of the Afghan health system ranks 173rd among all the countries of the world. Afghanistan's mortality or life expectancy is just as bad. Smaller hospitals and healthcare facilities lack the capacity, qualified staff and necessary medical equipment. In poorly accessible mountainous areas, medical care is often unavailable. The health system in Logar Province is being developed by the NGO Medical Refresher Courses for Afghans (MRCA) with a grant from the European Commission Delegation in Kabul. The PRT helps to strengthen the system where necessary and if requested by the MRCA and the provincial government.

The PRT has implemented its largest healthcare project in the provincial capital. It built a new mortuary at the local hospital, significantly improving conditions at the hospital and ensuring a more dignified and hygienic disposal of dead bodies. In addition to the proposed new technology and construction, the PRT supplied the morgue with necessary equipment.

Heritage protection

Approximately 50 kilometres from Kabul, in the north of Logar Province, is the world's second largest undeveloped copper deposit. On the site of the future mining area, 2,600-year-old archaeological sites, including remnants of Buddhist temples with statues (some up to 9 metres high) and wall frescoes, have been discovered.

Archaeological work in the Mes Aynak copper mine complex is being carried out by the Afghan Institute of Archaeology. On the basis of governmental cooperation between the Ministry of Culture and Information and France, the Kabulbased French Archaeological Delegation in Afghanistan (DAFA – Délégation archéologique de France) is making a direct contribution to the work.

The PRT has provided funding and, in cooperation with the Czech Embassy in Kabul, has fitted out an archaeological laboratory at the excavation site with essential equipment, including computers, professional software and storage and office space.

Humanitarian aid

In August 2010, Logar Province was devastated by floods. Most homes are built of clay and straw and were quickly destroyed by the waters. Agricultural land with crops intended to see the people through the winter was also flooded. The PRT's civilian unit and a civil-military cooperation (CIMIC) group from the Czech Army worked to help the families that were hit hardest. After consultation with the governor of the province and representatives of individual villages, families were provided with materials to cover their essential needs - mattresses, blankets, drinking water and a basic food package. The PRT is regularly involved in the supply of firewood to public facilities lacking fuel for heating in winter.

Infrastructure

Besides building projects for public administration in Logar, the Czech PRT, where appropriate and where possible, also supports smaller infrastructure projects (the construction and repair of bridges and flood walls on river banks). The PRT carries out these activities in the form of both reconstruction projects and quick impact projects.



Reconstruction and development projects / tab. 1

Project Name	Status	Total Budget	Budget Spent in 2010-2011
SECURITY			
Baraki Barak District Centre Security Wall Construction	finished	\$144 654,00	\$4 913,00
Reconstruction and expansion of infrastructure at Malalai Maiwand ANA Base	finished	\$100 866,00	\$82 866,00
Purchase of water-tank truck for ANP	finished	\$96 192,00	\$48 096,00
ANP HQ Logar Security wall construction	finished	\$58 416,00	\$38 282,00
Checkpoint for ANP in Azra District	cancelled	\$14 241,00	\$14 241,00
Obstacle course for ANSF in the compound next to FOB Shank	finished	\$23 232,00	\$18 586,00
Observation point for ANP and ANA in Tangi Waghjan valley	finished	\$84 278,00	\$67 413,00
Checkpoint for ANP in Charkh District	finished	\$144 666,00	\$144 666,00
Administrative building for security forces in Logar province	finished	\$122 559,00	\$122 559,00
Checkpoint for ANP in Khoshi District	ongoing	\$156 334,00	\$76 000,00
Expansion of infrastructure at Altimur ANA Base	finished	\$138 220,00	\$138 693,00
Observation Post and Communication Post for ANSF	ongoing	\$21 754,00	\$14 000,00
HQ for ANA kandak	ongoing	\$45 497,00	\$30 000,00
Security wall for Millie Paygham Radio Station and awarness rising on the PRT's activities in Logar province	finished	\$20 491,00	\$16 393,00
GOOD GOVERNANCE			
Logar Prison Construction in Pol-e Alam	ongoing	\$680 060,00	\$144 515,00
Logar Provincial Court Reconstruction in Pol-e Alam	finished	\$152 368,00	\$152 368,00
Construction of the administrative building in Kherwar DC	closed	\$95 000,00	\$95 000,00
nternship of Logar government officials in the Czech Republic	finished	\$54 000,00	\$54 000,00
nternship of PRT Logar co-workers in the Czech Republic	finished	\$4 000,00	\$4 000,00
Facilities for Provincial Court in Pol-e Alam	finished	\$23 868,00	\$23 868,00
AGRICULTURE			
Reconstruction of two Milk Collection Centers in Malak Abdullah Jan and Kolangar villages	finished	\$243 370,00	\$109 517,00
Apiculture Training	finished	\$43 998,00	\$10 999,00
Plant protection material for Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock	finished	\$15 175,00	\$7 587,00
Cold Storage management training	finished	\$4 025,00	\$2 012,00
Wheat seed and fertiliser distribution	finished	\$73 070,00	\$43 842,00
Plant nutrition and protection training for farmers	finished	\$25 960,00	\$15 576,00
Silkworm farm irrigation infrastructure Powrak	finished	\$24 908,00	\$24 908,00
Purchase of solar refrigerators for selected veterinary field units	finished	\$24 000,00	\$24 000,00

Project Name	Status	Total Budget	Budget Spent in 2010-2011
Provincial Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory in Pol-e Alam	finished	\$41 345,00	\$41 345,00
Construction of Agricultural and Mechanical High School in Pol-e Alam – 1st phase	finished	\$20 000,00	\$12 800,00
Construction of Agricultural and Mechanical High School in Pol-e Alam – 2nd phase	ongoing	\$1 198 687,00	\$989 378,00
Construction of Production Silkworm Farm Powrak	finished	\$132 942,00	\$130 942,00
Construction of milk collection center inJelga village	ongoing	\$123 933,00	\$99 130,00
Veterinary training	finished	\$16 000,00	\$16 000,00
Training of modern milk processing	finished	\$115 600,00	\$115 600,00
Construction of milk collection center in Zakum Khel	ongoing	\$124 954,00	\$68 730,00
Development of cooperative poultry farms in communities of Zakum Khel and Jelga villages	finished	\$69 017,00	\$69 017,00
Development of cooperative poultry farms in community MAI	finished	\$37 990,00	\$37 990,00
Development of fruit orchards in Azra district	finished	\$84 992,00	\$84 992,00
Sericulture training	finished	\$19 200,00	\$19 200,00
Development of cooperative poultry farms in communities Zakum Khel and Jelga villages	ongoing	\$71 220,00	\$28 488,00
Subvention of cattle registration	ongoing	\$24 770,00	\$16 850,00
Construction and equipment of apiculture centre	ongoing	\$276 300,00	\$27 630,00
WATER MANAGEMENT			
Dewlak and Mughul Khel retention dam	finished	\$118 012,00	\$17 180,00
Hydrometric measuring and canals reconstruction	finished	\$464 764,00	\$304 760,00
Hydrologic study of Khoshi river catchment	finished	\$19 996,00	\$29 732,34
Reconstruction of Saleman Khel Karez	finished	\$30 081,00	\$30 081,00
Shar Afghan aquaducts reconstruction	finished	\$17 900,00	\$17 900,00
Bandi Ghazi and Joe Challow weir reconstruction	finished	\$147 400	\$122 500,00
Sabakey Khel retaining wall construction	finished	\$173 800,00	\$173 800,00
Reconstruction of Chinarey Karez	finished	\$53 036,00	\$53 036,00
Sign boards installment at constructed and reconstructed weirs	finished	\$4 271,89	\$4 271,89
Extension of Saleman Khel Karez	finished	\$13 205,00	\$13 205,00
Project design for Abtak dam reconstruction	finished	\$28 387,59	\$28 387,59
Water supply piping reconstruction for Chinarey village	finished	\$29 917,00	\$29 917,00
Water supply system reconstruction for Khoshi DC	ongoing	\$13 946,00	\$13 946,00
The Abtak dam reconstruction in Khoshi district	ongoing	\$278 620,00	\$139 310,00

D : 4 N	F	T. ID. I.	D I (5 () 2040 204
Project Name	Status	Total Budget	Budget Spent in 2010-201
MEDIA			
Internship for Logar journalists in Radio Free Europe / Radio Liberty in Czech Republic	finished	\$10 150,00	\$10 150,00
Assistance to young journalists and awarness campaignon PRT in Logar	finished	\$17 925,00	\$1 020,00
Radio Zinat reports – awarness campaign on Czech projects in Logar	finished	\$3 250,00	\$2 399,00
Media campaign on women's rights	finished	\$5 762,00	\$5 762,00
Internship in Salam Watandar radio for Logar journalists	finished	\$2 900,00	\$2 900,00
Logar Media Analysis	closed	\$3 000,00	\$1 000,00
Media campaign on women's rights broadcasting	ongoing	\$3 600,00	\$3 600,00
Internship for 12 Logar journalists in in Radio Free Europe / Radio Liberty in Kabul	ongoing	\$15 600,00	\$4 600,00
EDUCATION			
Baraki Rajan Boys High School reconstruction	finished	\$325 294,00	\$30 294,00
Construction of span roofs on school buildings in Logar	finished	\$271 929,00	\$229 929,00
Construction of Mohammad Agha High School in Pol-e Qandahari	finished	\$282 340,00	\$211 755,00
Construction of Central High School in Azrow village, Azra district	finished	\$202 794,00	\$126 436,00
Construction of Hamed Karzi Primary School, Darvish village	finished	\$278 144,00	\$250 329,00
HEALTH CARE			
Water Supply to Pol-e Alam Hospital	finished	\$24 908,00	\$19 926,00
Purchase of medical and non-medical equipment	finished	\$40 000,00	\$40 000,00
Purchase of hepatitis B vaccine and vaccination of endangered population - the 3rd round	finished	\$7 555,00	\$7 555,00
Construction of mortuary in Pol-e Alam district hospital	finished	\$38 872,00	\$38 872,00
Equipment for training center in Ludin District Hospital	ongoing	\$18 170,00	\$13 500,00
Equipment for ANA clinic Altimur	finished	\$5 603,00	\$5 603,00
INFRASTRUCTURE			
Reconstruction of Pol-e Qahdahari, Kodi Khel, Sangar Khel and Shast-e Zeydabad Bridges	finished	\$28 000,00	\$3 000,00
Construction of Bridges in Tangi Waghjan	finished	\$93 995,00	\$63 995,00
Pedestrian Bridge at Wolunswali Kolangar	finished	\$31 165,00	\$23 932,00

Contribution of The Czech Republic to The National Solidari	ity Programme, Afghanistan* / tal	b. 2
---	-----------------------------------	------

2010	8 000 000,00 CZK	\$418 867,00
2011	15 000 000,00 CZK	\$795 672,00

^{*} In addition to its own projects, the Czech Republic drew on the PRT's budget for development and reconstruction projects in 2010 and 2011 to support Afghanistan's National Solidarity Programme. This contribution was used under the programme to implement community development projects in Logar Province.

Local personnel costs / tab. 3

Total 2010–2011 \$ 91 280,00

TOTAL AMOUNT / tab. 1+2+3

\$ 6 657 395

123 755 246 CZK

In 2010, the Greek Government also contributed to the Czech PRT's development projects by providing EUR 300,000

The Greek contribution is included in PRT Logar's total budget spending. Budget spending in 2010 and 2011 is shown in the following table:

Project Name	Total Project Budget	Greek contribution to the project	Share of the Greek contribution to the overall project budget	EUR	СZК
Development of fruit orchards in Azra district	\$84 992	\$42 496	50%	€ 26 000	381 997 CZK
Development of cooperative poultry farms 1	\$69 017	\$64 017	93%	€ 39 000	1 188 754 CZK
Development of cooperative poultry farms 2	\$37 990	\$34 191	90%	€ 21 000	273 194 CZK
Construction of the Agriculture and Mechanical High School – 2nd phase	\$1 110 321	\$360 350	32%	€ 214 000	6 007 055CZK

TOTAL AMOUNT \$ 501 054 — € 300 000 7 851 000 CZK

Quick Impact Projects 2010—2011

Sector	Project	OZD
Α.	Delivery of firewood to ANA Brigade	\$9 500,00
Security	Reconstruction of damaged gate at the ANP headquarters	\$980,00
Š	Reconstruction of the ANP headquarters in Khoshi District	\$9 397,00
Good Governance	Equipment for the Provincial Reconstruction Office in Logar Province	\$311,00
Gove	Reconstruction of the District Center in Khoshi District	\$9 854,37
	Equipment for the milk collection center in Malak Abdullah Jan	\$2 240,00
	Leaflets focused on prevention of the domestic animals diseases	\$2 435,00
re	Equipment for veterinary laboratories	\$3 588,00
Agriculture	Reconstruction of the protection wall at the Powrak Silkworm Farm	\$2 300,00
Α§	Dairy production training	\$1 000,00
	Electricity for the veterinary office at the Department of Agriculture and Livestock	\$2 999,00
	Public training on cattle farming	\$400,00

Sector	Project	OZU
	Purchase of equipment for meteorological data analysis	\$2 390,00
	Reconstruction of the irrigation systém in Hesarak village	\$4 250,00
	Reconstruction of water pipeline at the Surkhab dam after floods	\$8 500,00
emen	Purchase of solar panels for meteorological stations	\$3 777,00
Water Management	Water well construction in Dasht Delawar girls school	\$10 480,00
ter M	Water well construction in the girl school in Khoshi district	\$9 750,00
Wa	Construction of a water plant in Azra district	\$7 000,00
	Cleaning of the irrigation channel in Khoshi district	\$4 992,00
	Coverage of gutters in Khoshi district	\$5 000,00
	Wooden roof for the water reservoir in Khoshi district	\$3 250,00
	Marketing training for journalists from Logar province	\$1 500,00
	Media training for Logar women	\$4 200,00
	Radio campaign on domestic animals farming	\$3 200,00
Media	Purchase of equipment for Zinat, Sarak, Millie Paygham and Istiqlal radios	\$3 906,00
	Intership in Radio Free Europe / Radio Liberty in Kabul and English course for two journalists from Logar province	\$7 190,00
	Purchase of equipment for RTA radio	\$1 704,00
	Purchase of equipment for RTA and Millie Paygham radios	\$6 270,00
	Painting competition for Logar schools	\$10 000,00

Sector	Project	OZU
26000	riojett	חכם
	Construction of a voleyball field in Surkhab village	\$2 430,00
	Construction of a voleyball field in Govmaran village	\$5 209,00
	Purchase of equipment for a school in Govmaran village	\$8 716,00
п	Construction of football field in a school in Baraki Rajan village	\$8 000,00
Education	Purchase of fire wood for schools in Logar province	\$11 048,00
Edu	Purchase of first aid kits for schools in Logar province	\$4 700,00
	Reconstruction of high school in Dehnew village	\$8 200,00
	Reconstruction of high school Kolangar Jahadi	\$2 900,00
	Purchase of fire wood for schools in Logar province	\$10 480,00
	Painting competition for Logar primary schools	\$3 773,00

Sector	Project	םצט
	Purchase of solar blood bank for Baraki Barak and Mohammad Agha district hospitals	\$7 200,00
	Purchase of children playing kits for three hospitals in Logar province	\$5 066,00
	Purchase of fire wood for Logar hospitals	\$11 099,00
Health	Donation of anesthesia machine for the district hospital in Baraki Barak	\$8 800,00
щ	Donation of the basic inventory for the hospital in Azra d	istrict \$9 000,00
	Purchase of a dentist chair for the district hospital in Pol-e Alam	\$6 712,48
	Equipment for the hospital in Azra district	\$6 900,00
	Purchase of fire wood for Logar hospitals	\$6 000,00
	Floods relief for inhabitants of Pol-e Alam district	\$7 786,00
ırian ıce	Floods relief for inhabitants of Mohammad Agha district	\$8 159,00
Humanitarian Assistance	Floods relief for inhabitants of Mohammad Agha district	II \$7 262,00
Hum As	Floods relief for inhabitants of Khoshi district	\$8 282,00
	Floods relief for inhabitants of Baraki Barak district	\$3 945,00
Other	Sporting equipment for sports clubs in Logar province	\$8 900,00
TOTA	L BUDGET (in USD)	\$312 930
TOTA	L BUDGET (in CZK) 5	486 743 CZK



MEMBERS OF THE PRT'S CIVILIAN UNIT, 2010–2011

```
(in alphabetical order — Surname, name)
Biniová, Zuzana — agricultural adviser (Team 3)
Burian, Pavel — agricultural adviser (Team 4)
Huberová, Lenka — agricultural adviser (Team 3)
Greplová, Kristýna — media and public relations (Team 3)
Günter, Vladislav — programme manager (Prague)
Handlíř, Miroslav — civil engineer (Team 4)
Háša, Radek — logistics and financial coordinator (Team 4)
Hejral, Martin — agricultural adviser (Team 3/4)
Chládek, Radovan — civil engineer (Team 3)
Janotová, Klára — civil engineer (Team 3)
Jelínková, Jarmila — project manager (Team 3)
Jemelíková, Veronika — logistics and financial coordinator (Team 3)
Jirák, Pavel — civil engineer (Team 4)
Kříž, František — security expert (Team 4)
Lauferová, Ester — PRT special envoy (Prague, until July 2011)
Marcin, Ivo — economic adviser (Team 4)
Moravec, Filip — media and public relations (Team 4)
Mužík, Jan — civil engineer (Team 3)
Pavlica, Zbyněk — security expert (Team 3)
Perelló, Marisa — project manager (Team 4)
Schejbalová, Karina — civil engineer (Team 4)
Svačina, Petr — head of PRT civilian unit (Team 4)
Štěpánková, Karla — media and public relations (Prague, until October 2010)
Täubelová, Terezie — media and public relations (Prague, as of October 2010)
Volf, Daniel — PRT special envoy (Prague, as of August 2011; formerly deputy special envoy)
Zrno, Matyáš — head of PRT civilian unit (Team 3)
```

Published by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Czech Republic, 2012

Photography: Kristýna Greplová, Daniel Hlaváč, Filip Moravec

Graphic design: >o< mowshe

Address: Loretánské náměstí 5, 118 00 Prague 1

Tel.: +420 734 362 714

E-mail: infoczechprt@gmail.com

www.prtlogar.cz www.youtube.com/prtlogar www.facebook.com/prtlogar